Robbinsville High School

Mathematics Department

155 Robbinsville-Edinburg Road Robbinsville NJ 08691

Dear Students,

Welcome to Calculus! Attached you will find a summer packet for math reinforcement for the upcoming 2015-2016 school year. This packet should be completed and returned to school on the *first full day of school*. September is filled with review, but with completion of this packet, the review will come very naturally. The packet will be *collected* and *graded* as a *large homework grade* based on *completion* and *effort*.

To assist in your review and completion of this packet there are videos corresponding to each section of this packet. The videos are linked into this packet using QR codes that look like this:

In order to view the videos, simply download a QR scanner to your phone, use the scanner to scan the code, and that will directly link you to each video. To see the full collection of videos on your computer, go to: www.vimeo.com/MangieriMath

If you find yourself still confused on certain topics, it is suggested that you search for the topic on one of the following websites:

- ShowMe http://www.showme.com
- Khan Academy: http://www.khanacademy.org/Math
- Math TV: http://www.mathtv.com

We look forward to teaching you and getting to know you next year.

Have a great summer!

Robbinsville High School Mathematics Department

Directions: Using the appropriate inverse operations, solve each equation. Be sure to check for extraneous solutions if applicable.



$$1.\sqrt{4a + 17} = a - 1$$

$$2.\sqrt{3x-3} + 2 = \sqrt{2x+2}$$

$$3.\sqrt{2m+21}=m+3$$

$$4.-5 = -r + \sqrt{4r - 24}$$

$$5. -x + \sqrt{39 - 5x} = -9$$

6.
$$\sqrt{5n-4}-4=\sqrt{4-n}$$

$$7.\frac{41}{5} = 8 + (14 - v)^{\frac{-1}{2}}$$

$$8. -46 = -1 - 5(x+1)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$9.8 + 2(2x - 4)^{\frac{2}{3}} = 440$$

$$10.864 = 4(2a+6)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$11.\frac{7x+3}{x^2-8x+15} + \frac{3x}{x-5} = \frac{1}{3-x}$$

12.
$$\frac{4(x-4)}{x^2-+2x-8} = \frac{4}{x+4}$$

13.
$$\frac{1}{2x} + \frac{3}{x+7} = \frac{-1}{x}$$

14.
$$\frac{9}{3x} = \frac{4}{x+2}$$

$$15.\frac{1}{3}(10^{2x}) = 12$$

$$16.\,25e^{2x+1} = 962$$

$$17.3(12^{x-1}) - 7 = 2$$

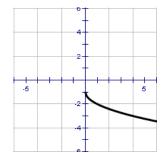
$$18.\,1000e^{-4x} = 75$$

19.
$$\log_2(\frac{x+5}{x-2}) = 3$$

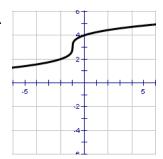
$$20.6\ln(x+1) = 2$$

Directions: Identify the Parent Function, the intervals where the function is Increasing and Decreasing and the Domain and Range of the given function.

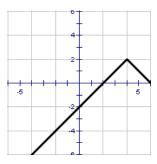




22.



23.



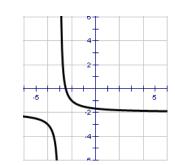
Name:_____ Increasing: Decreasing:____ Domain:_____

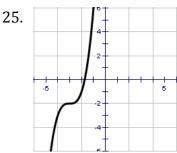
Range:_____

Name:_____ Increasing: Decreasing:_____ Domain:_____ Range:_____

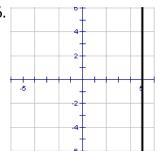
Name:_____ Increasing: Decreasing:_____ Domain:_____ Range:_____

24.





26.



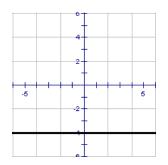
Name:_____ Increasing:_____ Decreasing:_____ Domain:_____

Range:

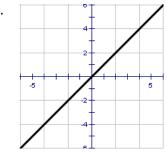
Name:_____ Increasing:_____ Decreasing:_____ Domain:_____ Range:_____

Name:_____ Increasing:_____ Decreasing:_____ Domain:_____ Range:_____

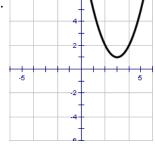
27.



28.



29.



Name:_____ Increasing:_____ Decreasing:_____ Domain:_____ Range:_____

Name: Increasing:_____ Decreasing:_____

Domain:_____ Range:_____

Name:_____ Increasing:_____ Decreasing:_____

Domain:_____

Range:_____

Directions: Evaluate the function at each specified value of the independent variable and simplify.



$$30. g(t) = 4t^2 - 3t + 5$$

$$g(2) =$$

$$g(t-2)=$$

$$g(t)-4g(2)=$$

31.
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 1, & x \le -1 \\ 4x, & -1 < x < 1 \\ x^2 + 1, & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$

$$f(-2) =$$

$$f(-1/2) =$$

$$f(3) =$$

Directions: Graph the following piecewise functions and define the requested properties.

32. Piecewise equations:

$$\int 3x-2$$

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 2 & x \le 2 \\ x^2 + 1 & -2 < x < 1 \end{cases}$$

$$-2 < x < 1$$

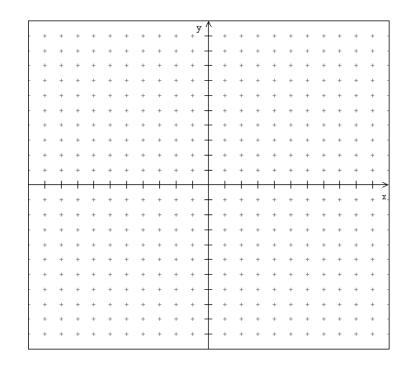
Domain: _____

Range: _____

Increasing:_____

Decreasing: _____

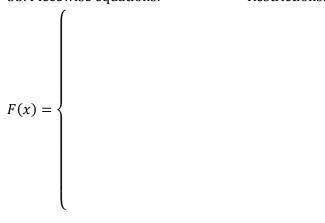
Constant:

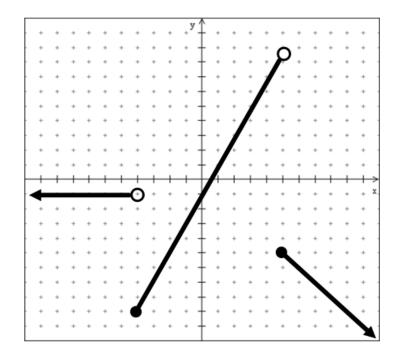


Directions: Given the graph determine the corresponding piecewise functions and define the requested properties.

33. Piecewise equations:

Restrictions:





Domain: _____

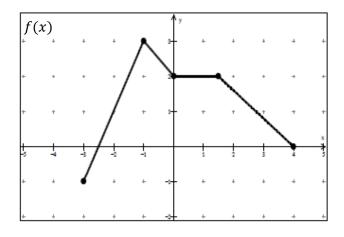
Range:

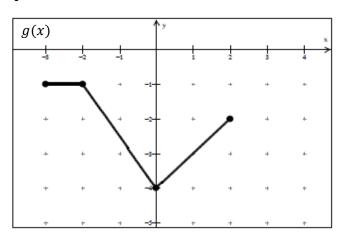
Increasing:_____

Decreasing:

Constant:_____

Directions: Use the following graphs to evaluate each specified value.





34. a)
$$(f \circ g)(-3) =$$

b)
$$(g \circ f)(0) =$$

35. a)
$$2g(-3) - 4f(1) =$$

b)
$$\frac{f(2)}{g(1)} =$$

36. a)
$$(f \circ f)(-1) =$$

b)
$$(g \circ f \circ g)(2) =$$

Simplify. Your answer should contain only positive exponents with no fractional exponents in the

denominator.

37)
$$\frac{\left(x^{0}y^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot x^{-\frac{3}{2}}y^{\frac{5}{3}}z^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{-\frac{5}{3}}}{y^{\frac{5}{3}}z^{2}}$$

38)
$$\left(\frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}y^{2}z^{-\frac{2}{3}}}{x^{\frac{7}{4}}z^{2} \cdot x^{3}y^{-\frac{1}{2}}z^{-\frac{4}{3}} \cdot x^{\frac{5}{3}}y^{\frac{1}{2}}z^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)^{\frac{3}{3}}$$

39)
$$\left(\frac{\left(hj^{-\frac{1}{2}}k^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^{2} \cdot h^{-2}j^{\frac{4}{3}}k^{-1}}{h^{2}k^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

40)
$$\frac{q^4 \cdot m^{-1} p^{-\frac{1}{2}} q^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\left(m^{-\frac{5}{4}} p^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^2}$$

Directions: Simplify completely.



41.
$$-8x\left(-3x^3 - 4x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 3\right) + (4x^2 - 5)\left(-9x^2 - \frac{4}{3}x^{-\frac{2}{3}}\right)$$

42.
$$-4x^3\left(-2x^2-x^{\frac{3}{4}}-3\right)+\left(-x^4-2\right)\left(-2x-\frac{3}{4}x^{-\frac{1}{4}}\right)$$

43.
$$6x^2(1+4x^{-4})+(2x^3)(-16x^{-5})$$

$$44.\left(-2x^{\frac{5}{3}}+2\right)\left(-4x^3+12x^2\right)+\left(-x^4+4x^3+5\right)\left(-\frac{10}{3}x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)$$

45.
$$20x^4\left(-4x^{\frac{2}{5}}-3\right)+(4x^5+4)\left(-\frac{8}{5}x^{-\frac{3}{5}}\right)$$

46.
$$2x^2(-5x^4) + (-x^5 + 2)(-4x^{-3})$$

$$47. -16x^{3} \left(-3x^{4} - 3x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 5\right) + \left(-4x^{4} + 4\right) \left(-12x^{3} - 4x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$$

50. (5.6, 0), (0, 8.2)

Directions: Find the line that passes through the given point with the given slope. Then find it's perpendicular line through that same point.

51. Point: (3, 0) Slope:
$$m = \frac{2}{3}$$

52. Point: (10, -3) Slope:
$$m = -\frac{1}{2}$$

53. Point: (-3,1) Slope:
$$m = 0$$



Directions: Identify any x and y intercepts of each function. \Box

$$54. f(x) = x^2$$

54.
$$f(x) = x^2$$
 55. $f(x) = 4x^2 - 2$

$$56. f(x) = |x| + 4$$

57.
$$f(x) = x^3$$

58.
$$f(x) = 2x^3 + 1$$
 59. $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$

$$59.f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$60. f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2} + 3$$

$$61. f(x) = \ln(x)$$

$$62. f(x) = e^x$$

$$63. f(x) = sinx$$

$$64. f(x) = 2\cos x + 1$$

$$65. f(x) = tanx$$